

CLAIMS

1. A panel-shaped member (10;30) and strip (16;48) combination, the strip (16;48) defining a region (18C;48A) in which is received bonding material (20;49) which secures the strip (16;48) to a surface of the member (10;30), the bonding material (20;49) being covered by the strip (16;48), with a primer optionally applied to the surface of the member (10;30) before the application thereto of the bonding material (20;48).
2. The combination according to claim 1, in which the bonding material (20;49) is polyurethane material.
3. The combination according to claim 1 or 2, in which the region (18C;48A) is a channel or groove in the material (18) of the strip (16;48), the channel or groove being connected to the surface of the strip (16;48) which is in contact with the surface of the member (10;30).
4. The combination according to claim 3, in which the channel is connected to the said surface of the strip (16;48) by a narrowed mouth (18D;48B).
5. The combination according to claim 4, in which the sides of the channel are connected to the narrowed mouth (18D;48B) by inwardly directed wall portions which extent to the mouth (18D;48B) in directions inclined away from the said surface of the

strip (16;48) to provide a mechanical interlock between the material of the strip (16;48) and the bonding material (20;49).

6. The combination according to any one of claims 3 to 5, in which the bonding material (20;49) is injected into the channel or groove from at least one end thereof.

7. The combination according to any one of claims 3 to 5, in which the bonding material (20;49) is injected into the channel or groove through an aperture (50) in the panel-shaped member (10;30).

8. The combination according to any preceding claim, in which the surface of the panel-shaped member (10;30) is or includes an edge surface thereof.

9. The combination according to any preceding claim, in which the strip (16;48) has a sealing portion (18B) extending therefrom for sealing against a surround (12;32) or partial surround of the panel-shaped member (10;30).

10. The combination according to claim 9, in which the strip (16;48) carries a decorative part (22).

11. The combination according to claim 10, in which the decorative part (22) is clipped to the strip (16;48).

12. The combination according to any preceding claim, in which the panel-shaped member (10;30) is made of transparent or translucent material such as for a window.
13. The combination according to any one of claims 8 to 11, in which the panel-shaped member (10;30) is made of transparent or translucent material for a window and the surround (12;32) is part of the frame of a window opening.
14. A method of joining a panel-shaped member (10;30) to a strip (16;48), comprising the step of forming a recessed region (18C;48A) in a surface of the strip (16;48) and placing bonding material (20;49) in the region (18C;48A) which secures the strip (16;48) to a surface of the member (10;30), the bonding material (20;49) being covered by the strip (16;48).
15. A method according to claim 14, in which the bonding material (20;49) is polyurethane material.
16. A method according to claim 14 or 15, in which the region (18C;48A) is a channel or groove in the material of the strip (16;48), the channel or groove being connected to the surface of the strip (16;48) which is in contact with the surface of the member (10;30).
17. A method according to claim 16, in which the channel is connected to the surface

of the strip (16;48) by a narrowed mouth (18D;48B).

18. A method according to claim 17, in which the sides of the channel are connected to the narrowed mouth (18D;48B) by inwardly directed wall portions which extend to the mouth in directions inclined away from the said surface of the strip (16;48) to provide a mechanical interlock between the material of the strip (16;48) and the bonding material (20;49).

19. A method according to claim 17 or 18, in which the bonding material (20;49) is injected into the channel or groove from at least one end thereof.

20. A method according to claim 17 or 18, in which the bonding material (20;49) is injected into the channel or groove through at least one aperture (50) in the panel-shaped member (30).